

Sequential programs, refinement, and proof obligations¹

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¹Several slides, examples, borrowed from J. R. Abrial

Installing and using Rodin s. 3 properties s. 4
Sequential programs: specification and

Correctness by Construction
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All you ever wanted to know about installing Rodin...

...is at

<https://wp.software.imdea.org/cbc/#tools>

and

<https://wp.software.imdea.org/cbc/rodin-installation-and-tips/>

- Sequential programs can be transpiled into Event B.
- Correctness, termination, etc. proven with Event B tools.
- However, underuse of Event B. Other approaches are very good at this.
- Better approach: design with Event B from the beginning.
- Apply to reactive and concurrent systems – strong points of Event B.
- For illustration: will develop several sequential programs.

Appetizer

Let us use Rodin with the *Integer Division* example.

CONSTANTS b, c

AXIOMS $b \in \mathbb{N}, c \in \mathbb{N}_1$

VARIABLES a, r

INVARIANTS $a \in \mathbb{N}, r \in \mathbb{N}, a \times c + r = b$

INITIALISATION

$a, r := 0, b$

END

EVENT Progress

WHERE $r \geq c$ THEN

$r, a := r - c, a + 1$

END

EVENT Finish

WHERE $r < c$ THEN

skip

END

Two types of components in a Rodin project:

Context(s) Contains constants and axioms.

Machine(s) Variables, invariants, and events (and some other things). Machines see Contexts.

Switching to Rodin. The example I will type is available as part of the course material.